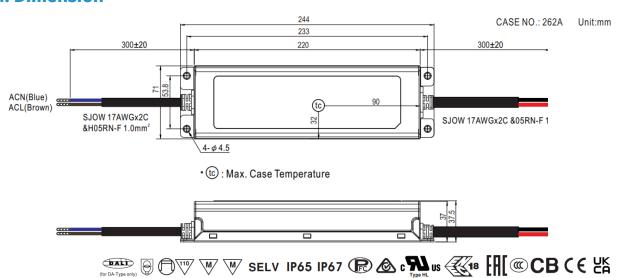


## 8 380 67 24 242 - IP67 LED power supply

### **Product Features**

- Constant voltage + constant current mode output
- Metal housing design with functional ground
- Build-in active PFC function
- No load/ Standby power consumption <0,5W</li>
- IP67 / IP65 rating for indoor or outdoor installations
- Function options: output adjustable via potentiometer; 3 in 1 dimming(dim-to-off); smart timer dimming; DALI
- typical lifetime >50 000 hours
- 5 years warranty

### 1. Dimension



## 2. Description

• ELG-240 series is a 240W AC/DC LED driver featuring the dual mode constant voltage and constant current output. ELG-240 operates from 100 ~ 305VAC and offers models with different rated voltage ranging between 24V and 54V. Thanks to the high efficiecy up to 93%, with the fanless design, the entire series is able to operate for -40°C~+90°C case temperature under free air convection. The design of metal housing and IP67/IP65 ingress protection level allows this series to fit both indoor and outdoor applications. ELG-240 is equipped with various function options, such as dimming methodologies, so to provide the optimal design flexibility for LED lighting system.

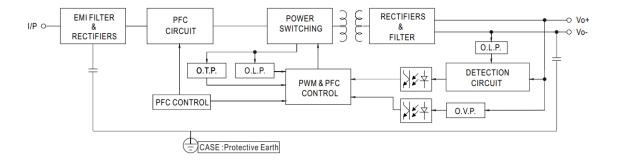
# 3. Specifications:

	Parameter	Value	
Output	DC voltage	24,0VDC	
	constant current region Note.1	12V~24V	
	Rated current	10A	
	Rated power	200~305VAC => 240W 100~180VAC => 180W	
	Efficiency (typ.)	92%	
	Ripple & noise (max.) Note.2	200mVp-p	
	Voltage ADJ. Range	22,4~25,6V	
	Current ADJ Range	5~10A	
	Voltage Tolerance Note.3	±2,0%	
	Line regulation	±0,5%	
	Load regulation	±0,5%	
	Setup, rise time Note.4	500ms, 100ms / 230VAC 1000ms, 100ms /115VAC	
	Hold up time (typ.)	10ms/230VAC 10ms/115VAC	
Input	Voltage range Note.5	100~305VAC 142~431VDC	
	Frequency range	47~63Hz	
	AC current	2,2A/115VAC 1,5A/230VAC 1,2A/277VAC	
	Power Factor (typ.)	PF≥0.97/115VAC, PF≥0.95/230VAC, PF≥0.92/277VAC@full load	
	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD< 20% (@ load≥50% / 115VAC,230VAC; @ load≥75% / 277VAC)	
	Max. No. of PSUs on 16A circuit breaker	4 units (circuit breaker of type B) / 6 units (circuit breaker of type C) at 230VAC	
	Inrush current (max.)	Cold start 60A(twidth=510µs measured at 50% Ipeak) at 230VAC; Per NEMA 410	
	Leakage current	<0,75mA / 277VAC	
Protection	Over current	95 ~ 108%	
		Constant current limiting, recovers autom. after condition is removed	
	Over Voltage	27~34V	
		Shut down output voltage, re-power on to recover	
	Short circuit	Hiccup mode, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed	
	Over Temperature	Shut down output voltage, re-power on to recover	
Environment	Working temp.	Tcase= -40 ~ +90°C	
	Working humidity	20 ~ 95% RH non-condensing	
	Storage temp., humidity	-40 ~ +90°C , 10 ~ 95% RH	
	temp. coefficient	±0.03% / °C (0 ~ 60°C)	
	vibration	10 ~ 500Hz, 5G 12min./1cycle, period for 72min. each along X, Y, Zaxes	
Safety & EMC	safety standards	UL8750(type"HL"),CSA C22.2 No. 250.13-12:IEC/BS EN/EN/AS/NZS 61347-1,IEC/BS EN/EN/AS/NZS 61347-2-13 independent, BS EN/EN62384; EAC TP TC 004; BIS IS15885; GB19510.14,GB19510.1;IP65 or IP67; KC61347-1,KC61347-2-13 approved	
	DALI standards	Compliance to IEC62386-101,102,(207 by request) for DA type only	
	withstand voltage	I/P-O/P:3,75KVAC I/P-FG:2KVAC O/P-FG:1,5KVAC	
	isolation resistance	I/P-O/P,I/P-FG,O/P-FG:100M Ohms / 500VDC / 25°C / 70% RH	
	EMC emission	Compliance to BS EN/EN55015,BS EN/EN61000-3-2 Class C (@load≥50%) ; BS EN/EN61000-3-3; GB17625.1,GB17743;EAC TP TC 020; KC KN15,KN61547	
	EMS immunity	Compliance to BS EN/EN61000-4-2,3,4,5,6,8,11; BS EN/EN61547, light industry level (surge immunity Line-Earth 6KV, Line-Line 4KV);EAC TP TC 02; KC KN15,KN6154	
2. Ripple 3. Tolerar 4. Length	nce: includes set up tolerance, line regulation of set up time is measured at first cold start.	idth by using a 12" twisted pair-wire terminated with a 0,1uf & 47uf parallel capacitor.	

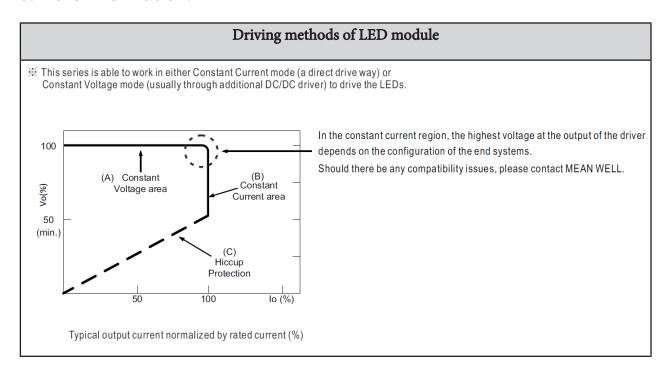
- 5. De-rating may be needed under low input voltages. Please refer to "STATIC CHARACTER 6. The model certified for CCC(GB19510.14, GB17743 and GB17625.1) is an optional model.

## 4. Block diagram:

PFC fosc: 50~120KHz PWM fosc: 60~130KHz



## 5. More information:



#### Dimming operation Vo-(Black) Vo+(Red) ACN(Blue) ACL(Brown) **ELG-240** B DIM+(Purple)\* DIM-(Pink)\*\* 0 \* DIM+ for B/AB-Type DIM+ for B/AB-Type DA+ for DA-Type PROG+ for D2-Type \*DIM- for B/AB-Type DA- for DA-Type PROG- for D2-Type **※** 3 in 1 dimming function (for B/AB-Type) • Output constant current level can be adjusted by applying one of the three methodologies between DIM+ and DIM-: 0 ~ 10VDC, or 10V PWM signal or resistance. · Direct connecting to LEDs is suggested. It is not suitable to be used with additional drivers. - Dimming source current from power supply: $100\mu A$ (typ.) O Applying additive 0 ~ 10VDC 80% Vo+ c Output current (%) 60% Vo- O 50% DIM+ o 40% 30% Additive Voltage 20% DIM-10% 0% "DO NOT connect "DIM- to Vo-" 1V Dimming input: Additive voltage O Applying additive 10V PWM signal (frequency range 100Hz ~ 3KHz): 100% 90% +V o 80% Output current (%) 70% -V O 60% 50% 40% Additive PWM signal "DO NOT connect "DIM- to -V" 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% Duty cycle of additive 10V PWM signal dimming input O Applying additive resistance: +V ( Output current (%) -V O DIM+ Additive Resistance 40% DIM-O "DO NOT connect "DIM- to -V"

Note: 1. Min. dimming level is about 8% and the output current is not defined when 0%< Iout<8%.  $2. \ The output current could drop down to 0\% when dimming input is about 0 k \Omega \ or 0 V dc, or 10 V PWM signal with 0\% duty cycle.$ 

10K/N 20K/N 30K/N 40K/N 50K/N 60K/N 70K/N 80K/N 90K/N 100K/N (N=driver quantity for synchronized dimming operation) Dimming input: Additive resistance

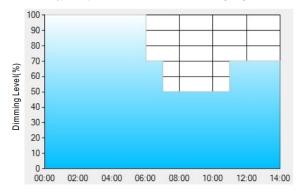
#### ※ DALI Interface (primary side; for DA-Type)

- · Apply DALI signal between DA+ and DA-
- · DALI protocol comprises 16 groups and 64 addresses.
- · First step is fixed at 8% of output.

#### ※ Smart timer dimming function (for Dxx-Type by User definition)

MEAN WELL Smart timer dimming primarily provides the adaptive proportion dimming profile for the output constant current level to perform up to 14 consecutive hours. 3 dimming profiles hereunder are defined accounting for the most frequently seen applications. If other options may be needed, please contact MEAN WELL for details.

 $\mathsf{Ex}: \bigcirc \mathsf{D01}\text{-}\mathsf{Type} :$  the profile recommended for residential lighting



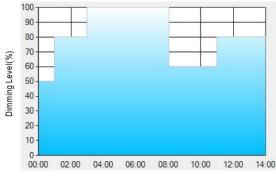
Set up for D01-Type in Smart timer dimming software program:

	T1	T2	Т3	T4
TIME**	06:00	07:00	11:00	
LEVEL**	100%	70%	50%	70%

Operating Time(HH:MM)

- $\hbox{\ensuremath{}^{**}:} \label{total time} \ \mbox{TIME matches Operating Time in the diagram whereas LEVEL matches Dimming Level}.$ 
  - Example: If a residential lighting application adopts D01-Type, when turning on the power supply at 6:00pm, for instance:
- [1] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 100% starting from 6:00pm.
- [2] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 70% in turn, starting from 0:00am, which is 06:00 after the power supply turns on.
- [3] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 50% in turn, starting from 1:00am, which is 07:00 after the power supply turns on.
- [4] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 70% in turn, starting from 5:00am, which is 11:00 after the power supply turns on. The constant current level remains till 8:00am, which is 14:00 after the power supply turns on.

Ex: O D02-Type: the profile recommended for street lighting



Set up for D02-Type in Smart timer dimming software program:

	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5
TIME**	01:00	03:00	8:00	11:00	
LEVEL**	50%	80%	100%	60%	80%

Operating Time(HH:MM)

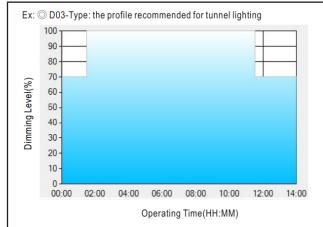
- \*\*: TIME matches Operating Time in the diagram whereas LEVEL matches Dimming Level.
- Example: If a street lighting application adopts D02-Type, when turning on the power supply at 5:00pm, for instance:
- [1] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 50% starting from 5:00pm.
  [2] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 80% in turn, starting from 6:00pm, which is 01:00 after the power supply turns on.

- [2] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 00% in turn, starting from 8:00pm, which is 03:00 after the power supply turns on.

  [3] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 100% in turn, starting from 8:00pm, which is 03:00 after the power supply turns on.

  [4] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 60% in turn, starting from 1:00am, which is 08:00 after the power supply turns on.

  [5] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 80% in turn, starting from 4:00am, which is 11:00 after the power supply turns on. The constant current level remains till 6:30am, which is 14:00 after the power supply turns on.



Set up for D03-Type in Smart timer dimming software program:

	T1	T2	Т3
TIME**	01:30	11:00	
LEVEL**	70%	100%	70%

\*\*: TIME matches Operating Time in the diagram whereas LEVEL matches Dimming Level.

Example: If a tunnel lighting application adopts D03-Type, when turning on the power supply at 4:30pm, for instance:

- [1] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 70% starting from 4:30pm.
- [2] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 100% in turn, starting from 6:00pm, which is 01:30 after the power supply turns on.
- [3] The power supply will switch to the constant current level at 70% in turn, starting from 5:00am, which is 11:00 after the power supply turns on.

The constant current level remains till 6:30am, which is 14:00 after the power supply turns on.

